

Website design for artists (INTRO)

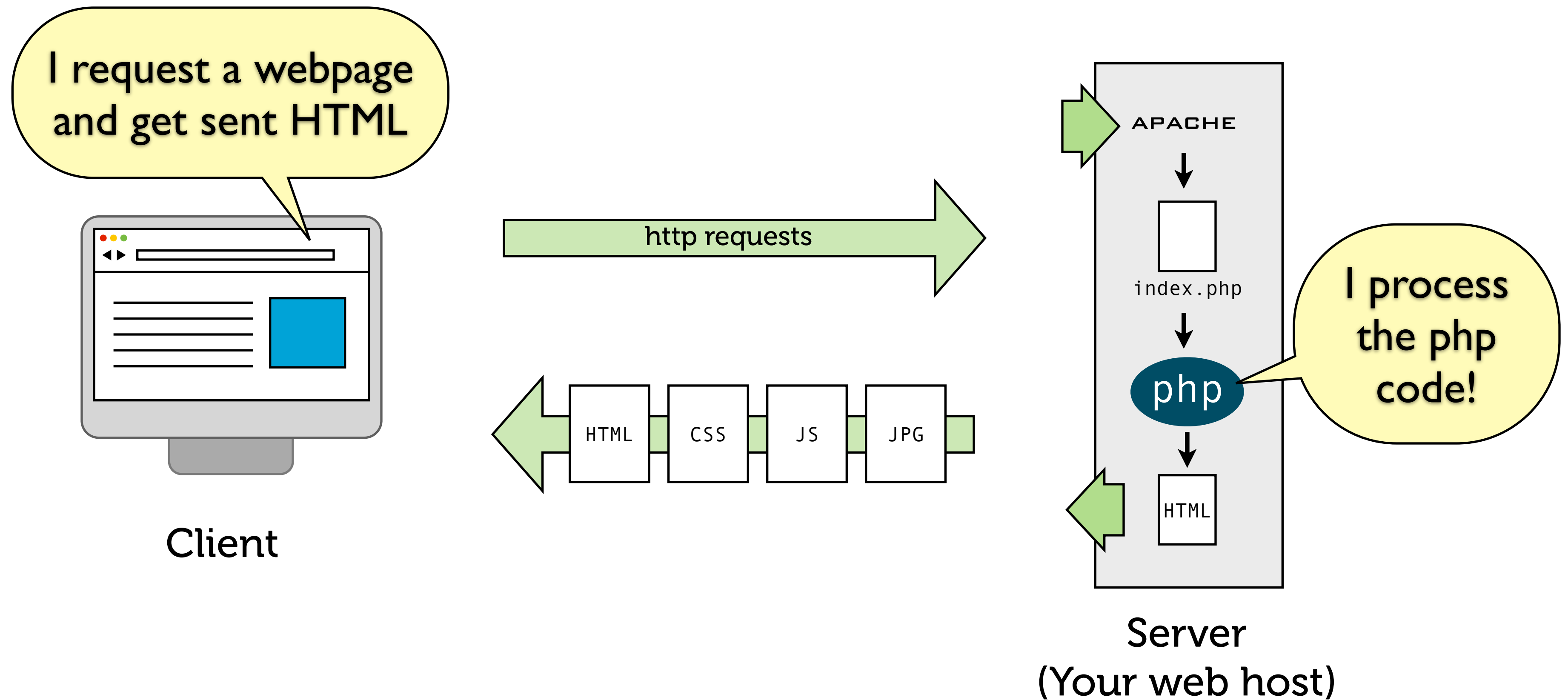
#7 Basic PHP

Today

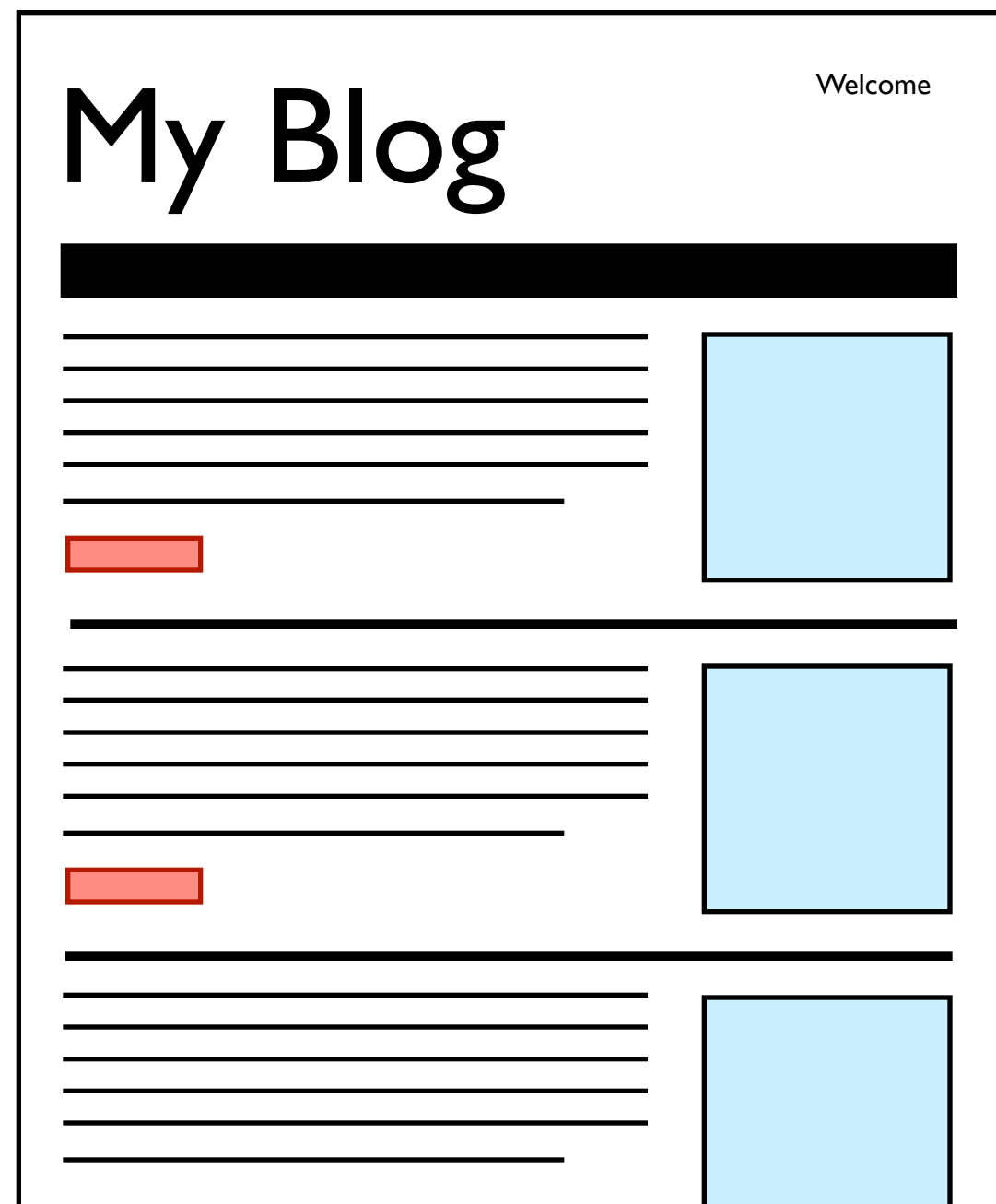
- What is PHP?
- Where did it come from?
- How does it work?
- What can be done with it?

What is this pay-aytch-pee?

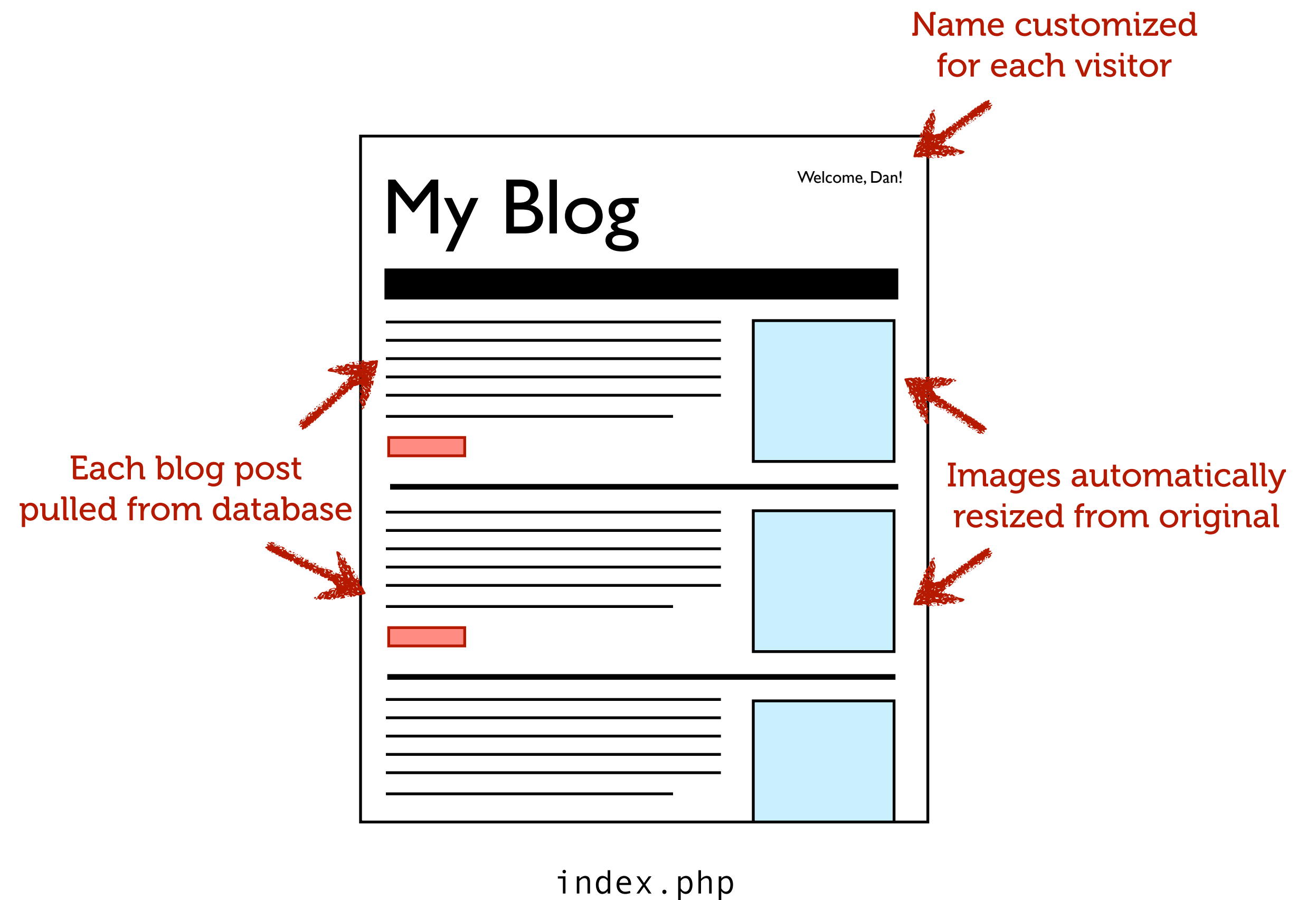
- A server-side scripting language specifically designed for web development
- Available as free software, and is pre-installed on most hosting platforms
- Very popular scripting language used on millions of websites
- Allows you to create “dynamic” web pages



Server-side scripting



index.html



Static vs. Dynamic page

A brief history

- 1994—Rasmus Lerdorf writes pearl scripts for his website and names the system *Personal home page*
- 1995—Scripts rewritten, extended and released as *PHP Tools v1.0*
- 1997—PHP development team formed and *PHP 2.0* released
- 1998—*PHP 3.0*, renamed to *PHP: Hypertext Preprocessor*
- Today—*PHP 5.3*



Rasmus Lerdorf

How PHP works

```
• • •  
</head>  
<body>  
    <p><?php print 'Hello'; ?></p>  
</body>  
</html>
```

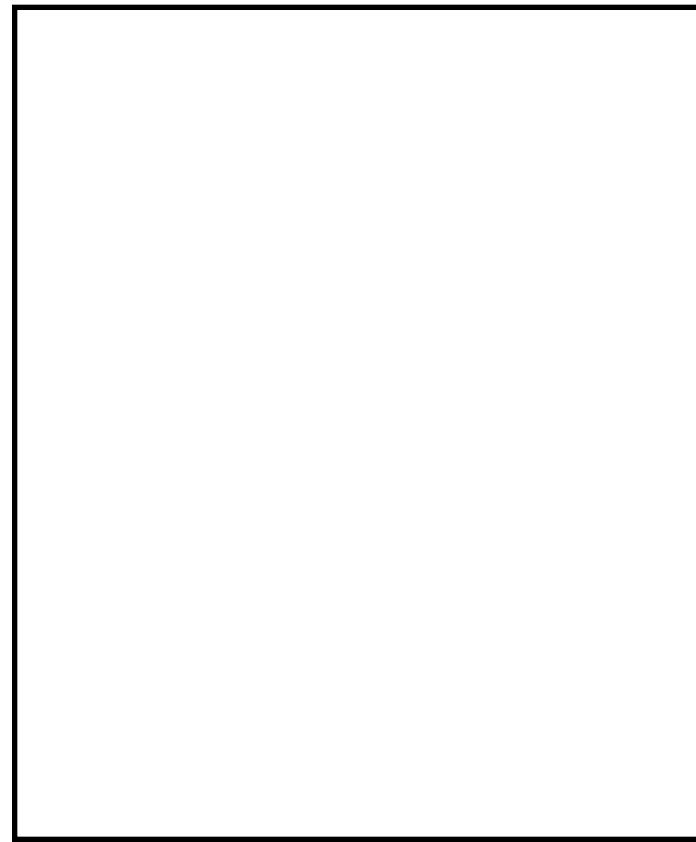
PHP code is embedded directly into HTML

```
...  
</head>  
<body>  
  <p><?php print 'Hello, 5 + 5 = ' . (5 + 5); ?></p>  
</body>  
</html>
```

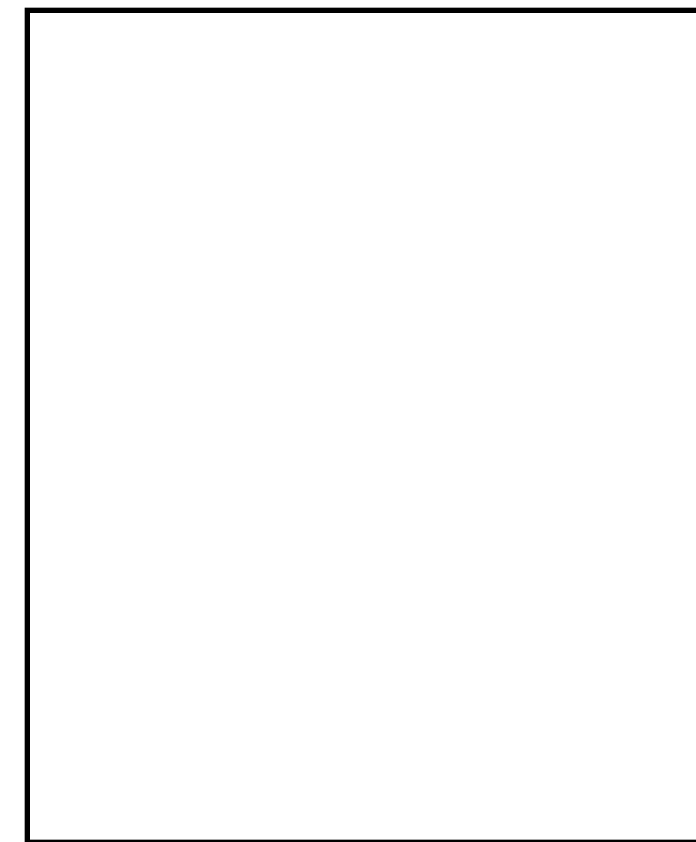


```
...  
</head>  
<body>  
  <p>Hello, 5 + 5 = 10</p>  
</body>  
</html>
```

When the page is processed,
all php code is parsed and replaced



index.html



index.php

File extension must be changed to .php

code goes here

<?php ... ?>



PHP delimiters

CAUTION!

- Not following best practices and writing sloppy code will create security vulnerabilities. You will be hacked!
- Inefficient code will lead to slow downs and crashes!
- Be careful!

The PHP language

```
$name = 'Dan';  
print 'Hello ' . $name;
```

Every instruction must end with a semicolon (;).
Forgetting even one will break the entire page.

```
// One-line comment
```

```
/* This is a multi-line  
comment */
```

Comments (Good idea to use these)

Starts with
dollar sign

Case sensitive

\$php = 'awesome';

Must be letter
or underscore

Variables

`$var = TRUE;` ← Boolean
`$var = 'Text';` ← String
`$var = 1;` ← Integer
`$var = 1.234;` ← Float
`$var = NULL;` ← No value

Some types

```
$var = array(  
    'name' => 'Dan',  
    'age' => 28,  
);
```

Key → 'name' => 'Dan' ← Value

Arrays
(keys must be integer or string)

```
$var = array(  
    'name' => 'Dan',  
    'age' => 28,  
);
```

```
echo $var['name']; // Prints 'Dan'
```

Accessing array values

```
$var = array(  
    'name' => 'Dan',  
    'age' => 28,  
    'favorite colours' => array(  
        'blue',  
        'green',  
    ),  
);  
  
print $var['favorite colours'][0]; // Prints 'blue'
```

Array values can be of any type, including arrays

`$_GET`
`$_POST`
`$_SERVER`

Some predefined variables

Operator
↓

```
<?php  
if ($a > $b) {  
    print "a is bigger than b";  
}  
?>
```

If

```
<?php
if ($a > $b) {
    print 'a is bigger than b';
} else {
    print 'a is not bigger than b';
}
?>
```

else

```
<?php
if ($a > $b) {
    print 'a is bigger than b';
} elseif ($a == $b) {
    print 'a is equal to b';
} else {
    print 'a is smaller than b';
}
?>
```

elseif

```
<?php
$i = 1;
while ($i <= 10) {
    print $i;
    $i++;
}
?>
```

while loop

```
<?php
$a = array(1, 2, 3, 17);

foreach ($a as $v) {
    echo "Current value of \$a: $v.\n";
}
?>
```

foreach

```
<?php
$numbers = array(
    'one' => 1,
    'two' => 2,
    'three' => 3,
    'seventeen' => 17
);

foreach ($numbers as $k => $v) {
    print '$numbers[' . $k . '] => ' . $v . "\n";
}
?>
```

foreach (keys and values)

```
<?php  
include 'file.php';  
?>
```

include

Operators

```
$var = 'PHP is' . 'fun!';  
$var .= 'Yeah!';
```

String operators

\$a	+	\$b	←	Addition
\$a	-	\$b	←	Subtraction
\$a	*	\$b	←	Multiplication
\$a	/	\$b	←	Division

Arithmetic operators (yay math!)

```
$a = 5  
$a += 3  
$b .= 'text'
```

Assignment operators

\$a == \$b ← Equal
\$a != \$b ← Not equal
\$a < \$b ← Less than
\$a >= \$b ← Greater than or equal to

Comparison operators

\$ a && \$ b ← And
\$ a || \$ b ← Or
! \$ a ← Not

Logical operators

Functions

```
<?php
function add($arg1, $arg2) {
    return $arg1 + $arg2;
}

print add(1,5); // Prints 6
?>
```

User-defined functions

```
<?php
function makecoffee($type = "cappuccino") {
    return "Making a cup of $type.\n";
}

print makecoffee();
print makecoffee(NULL);
print makecoffee("espresso");
?>
```

Making a cup of cappuccino.

Making a cup of .

Making a cup of espresso.

Default arguments

```
<?php
function add_some_extra(&$string) {
    $string .= 'and something extra.';
}
$str = 'This is a string, ';
add_some_extra($str);
echo $str; // outputs 'This is a string, and something extra.'
?>
```

Passing arguments “by reference”

Learn more at [php.net](https://www.php.net)